3.1102

Personal conflict of interest means a situation in which a covered employee has a financial interest, personal activity, or relationship that could impair the employee's ability to act impartially and in the best interest of the Government when performing under the contract. (A de minimis interest that would not "impair the employee's ability to act impartially and in the best interest of the Government" is not covered under this definition.)

- (1) Among the sources of personal conflicts of interest are—
- (i) Financial interests of the covered employee, of close family members, or of other members of the covered employee's household:
- (ii) Other employment or financial relationships (including seeking or negotiating for prospective employment or business); and
 - (iii) Gifts, including travel.
- (2) For example, financial interests referred to in paragraph (1) of this definition may arise from—
- (i) Compensation, including wages, salaries, commissions, professional fees, or fees for business referrals;
- (ii) Consulting relationships (including commercial and professional consulting and service arrangements, scientific and technical advisory board memberships, or serving as an expert witness in litigation);
- (iii) Services provided in exchange for honorariums or travel expense reimbursements:
- (iv) Research funding or other forms of research support:
- (v) Investment in the form of stock or bond ownership or partnership interest (excluding diversified mutual fund investments);
 - (vi) Real estate investments;
- (vii) Patents, copyrights, and other intellectual property interests; or
- (viii) Business ownership and investment interests.

3.1102 Policy.

The Government's policy is to require contractors to—

- (a) Identify and prevent personal conflicts of interest of their covered employees; and
- (b) Prohibit covered employees who have access to non-public information by reason of performance on a Govern-

ment contract from using such information for personal gain.

3.1103 Procedures.

- (a) By use of the contract clause at 52.203–16, as prescribed at 3.1106, the contracting officer shall require each contractor whose employees perform acquisition functions closely associated with inherently Government functions to—
- (1) Have procedures in place to screen covered employees for potential personal conflicts of interest by—
- (i) Obtaining and maintaining from each covered employee, when the employee is initially assigned to the task under the contract, a disclosure of interests that might be affected by the task to which the employee has been assigned, as follows:
- (A) Financial interests of the covered employee, of close family members, or of other members of the covered employee's household.
- (B) Other employment or financial relationships of the covered employee (including seeking or negotiating for prospective employment or business).
 - (C) Gifts, including travel; and
- (ii) Requiring each covered employee to update the disclosure statement whenever the employee's personal or financial circumstances change in such a way that a new personal conflict of interest might occur because of the task the covered employee is performing.
 - (2) For each covered employee-
- (i) Prevent personal conflicts of interest, including not assigning or allowing a covered employee to perform any task under the contract for which the Contractor has identified a personal conflict of interest for the employee that the Contractor or employee cannot satisfactorily prevent or mitigate in consultation with the contracting agency;
- (ii) Prohibit use of non-public information accessed through performance of a Government contract for personal gain; and
- (iii) Obtain a signed non-disclosure agreement to prohibit disclosure of non-public information accessed through performance of a Government contract.
- (3) Inform covered employees of their obligation—